

<u>Pre-Revolutionary War</u>	<u>Revolutionary War</u>	<u>Post-Revolutionary War</u>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> # King Phillip's war in 1675 leads some tribes to side with French (less of a threat!). # Washington and Fort Necessity. # Franklin's Albany Plan of Union ("Join or Die"). # French and Indian War: conflict over Ohio River valley territory and fur in the new world. # Treaty of Paris of 1763: Mom most powerful to Mississippi River. # The early acts that start to sour relationship between the colonists and the mother country and leads to Revolution: Proclamation of 1763, Sugar Act and Stamp Act. These acts were implemented to help pay for war debt. # James Otis and Sam Adams: "No Taxation without Representation", due to lack of representation in Parliament. # Stamp Act Congress and Declaratory Act. # Boycotts and Committees of Correspondence. # Townshend Act (writs of assistance), Daughters of Liberty and the Boston Massacre (Crispus Attucks and John Adams). # Tea Act and Boston Tea Party (Sons of Liberty with Civil Disobedience). # Mother country (King George III) furious, implements the Intolerable acts (Quartering Act). # Locke's "Social Contract" theory starting? 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> # First Continental Congress meets in Oct. 1774. # Patrick Henry and "Give me Liberty or give me Death". # April 1775: Lexington ("shot heard 'round the world") and Concord. # Second Continental Congress meets and creates the Olive Branch Petition. # Continental Army created with George Washington in charge. # British and colonial strengths and weaknesses at war's beginning. Ex: best navy vs. the purpose. # Important battles: Bunker Hill, Trenton, Princeton, Brandywine Creek, Saratoga, Yorktown. # "Common Sense" by Thomas Paine. # Declaration of Independence in 1776 that stress Unalienable Rights. # Patriots vs. Loyalists. # French and Spanish alliance with the colonials. # Valley Forge. # Many Unsung or forgotten Heroes! # Abigail Adams. # Thomas Jefferson. # Marquis de Lafayette. # Lord Cornwallis. # Francis Marion and Guerrilla warfare. # John Paul Jones and his <i>Bonhomme Richard</i> vs. the <i>Serapis</i>. "I have not yet begun to fight". # Treaty of Paris of 1783: You get fat to Mississippi River. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> # Borrowed ideas: Magna Carta, EBOR, Enlightenment, Mayflower Compact, FOC, Declaration of Independence, Virginia Statue of Religious Freedom. # 2nd Continental Congress creates the Articles of Confederation to unite the 13 states. It is a very weak document since the states possess more power than the government. Created during the War Phase (Nov.15, 1777) # Northwest Territory: Land Ordinance of 1785 and the Northwest Ordinance: Creation and admittance of new states. # Problems at home/abroad lead to Shays' Rebellion. # May of 1787: Constitutional Convention. # Virginia Plan vs. New Jersey Plan. # Great Compromise. # 3/5 Compromise. # Constitution/Republicanism # Popular Sovereignty and Federalism # Separation of Powers: Executive, Judicial, and Legislative. # Checks and Balances. # Federalists vs. Anti-Federalists. # Bill of Rights. # 'Federalist Papers". Alexander Hamilton and James Madison. # Elected George Washington as first President under this new "Living Document" in 1789.